

# Installation / User Guide

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# HUGO

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Western Digital Corporation

Customer Tools Team

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## Product Scope

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### Overview

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Hugo CLI was created to allow customers to perform drive maintenance functions without having to remove the drive from their environment.

### Features

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Command	Description
<a href="#">abort</a>	Abort a running self test
<a href="#">do-not-operate</a>	Manage a list of devices that hugo will not run on
<a href="#">erase</a>	Erase all or part of the device
<a href="#">eula</a>	Show the End User License Agreement
<a href="#">help</a>	Show the help output
<a href="#">format</a>	Format a specific device
<a href="#">logdump</a>	Dump logs from specified devices
<a href="#">namespace</a>	Allows the user to perform namespace operations (list, create, delete, etc) on NVMe devices
<a href="#">powerstate</a>	Lists the power state of NVMe devices
<a href="#">psid</a>	Send a PSID string to a device
<a href="#">quit</a>	Exit the Command Line Interface

Command	Description
<a href="#">sanitize</a>	Sanitize a device
<a href="#">show</a>	Show a list of connected devices. Also refreshes device list
<a href="#">test</a>	Run a drive self test
<a href="#">unmap</a>	Unmap all LBAs
<a href="#">update</a>	Update a device's firmware
<a href="#">version</a>	Show the version information for hugo

## Supported Products

Product Family	Interface
Aries Hc6 / Hc8 / Ha10	SAS / SATA
Aries KP	SAS / SATA
Cobra C / King Cobra C	SAS
Cobra D	SAS
Cobra E/E+	SAS
Cobra F / King Cobra F	SAS
Viper C	SAS
Jupiter K / Jupiter U	SATA
Libra He10	SAS / SATA
Jaguar 1B / 2B / 2C / King	SATA
Seahawk	SATA
Mars K / K+	SAS / SATA
Leo He12 / Leo-A Hs14 / Leo-B / Leo-C	SAS/SATA
Sunset Cove / Sunset Cove+	SAS (SSD)
Bear Cove	SAS (SSD)
Aspen	NVMe (SSD)

## Supported Controllers

Vendor	Family
Broadcom (formerly LSI)	SAS/SATA 30xx Host Bus Adapters
Broadcom	SAS/SATA 92x x Host Bus Adapters
Broadcom	SAS/SATA 93xx Host Bus Adapters
Broadcom	MegaRAID SATA + SAS 92xx RAID Controllers
ATTO	ExpressSAS SAS/SATA H6xx Host Bus Adapters
ATTO	ExpressSAS SAS/SATA H12xx Host Bus Adapters
Tempo SAS	Pro ExpressCard 34
HighPoint	RocketRAID 23xx

Vendor	Family
Microsemi Adaptec	8885 RAID
Microsemi Adaptec	HBA 1100 series, SmartHBA 2100 series, and SmartRAID 3100 series

## Supported Operating Systems

*Hugo only supports the kernels that are supplied with the operating systems distributed by the Operating Systems vendors. If the user should compile any other kernel versions into the operating systems, then the configuration shall not be considered officially supported by Hugo.*

Operating System	Version	64-bit x86	64-bit ARM
Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL)	6.7, 6.8, 6.9\7.1, 7.2, 7.3, 7.4, 8.0	X	X (No RAID)
	6.8 7.x	X	X (No RAID)
Ubuntu Server Linux	14.04, 15.04, 16.04, 17.04	X	X (No RAID)
FreeBSD	11.2\12.0	X (No RAID)	
Windows	Windows 7, 8, 8.1, 10	X	
	Windows Server 2012, 2016, 2019	X	X

## Supported Drivers

Prerequisite	Description
HBA and RAID controller Drivers	Drivers provided by vendors of Host Bus Adapters and RAID controllers.
ncurses 5.x libraries	Linux systems require ncurses 5.x libraries. On RHEL 8, this means the 'ncurses-compat-libs' package is required.

# Installation

## Overview

This section addresses issues regarding the compatibility, system requirements, installation and configuration of Hugo.

## Installation Packages

Hugo installers are available for a variety of platforms. It is the responsibility of the user to be knowledgeable of the specific platform on which Hugo will be installed. An authorized representative will e-mail the desired version of Hugo to the user. The packages must be unpacked in a default directory or a temporary directory.

Installation Package	Description
hugo-x.x.x.x86_64.tar.gz	Standalone instance for Linux 64-bit x86 platforms
hugo-x.x.x.x86_64.rpm	For RHEL-based Linux 64-bit x86 platforms
hugo-x.x.x.x86_64.deb	For Debian-based Linux 64-bit x86 platforms
hugo-x.x.x.freebsdxx.zip	For FreeBSD 64-bit x86 platforms
HUGO-x.x.x.win64.exe	For Windows 64-bit x86 platforms
HUGO-x.x.x.winArm64.exe	For Windows 64-bit ARM platforms

## User Privileges

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Prerequisite	Description
Linux Distributions	root authority is required
Windows Distributions	Administrator authority is required

## Linux TAR Installation

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To install the TAR package(s):

1. Create a temporary installation folder or directory.
2. Download the Hugo TAR file to the temporary installation folder or directory.
3. Open a terminal window and change directories to the temporary installation folder or directory.
4. Use the tar command to install the tarball, e.g.,

```
tar -zxvf <Hugo TAR file name>
```

- Use of Hugo after this installation will be from this directory with

```
./hugo
```

## Upgrade Procedure

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To upgrade Hugo:

1. Logon to the system with root privileges.
2. Delete the directory with the old Hugo install
3. Create a directory for installation and download the most recent Hugo release (TAR).

4. Open a terminal in the installation directory.
5. Use the tar command to install the new Hugo tarball, e.g.,

```
tar -zxvf <Hugo TAR file name>
```

## Uninstall Procedure

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To uninstall Hugo:

1. Logon to the system with root privileges.
2. Delete the temporary installation folder contents.

## Linux RPM Installation

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To install the RPM package(s):

1. Logon to the system with root privileges.
2. Create a temporary installation folder or directory.
3. Download the Hugo installable (RPM) file to the temporary installation folder or directory.
4. Open a terminal window and change directories to the temporary installation folder or directory.
5. Use the rpm command to install the RPM file, e.g.,

```
sudo rpm -Uvh <Hugo RPM file name>
```

## Upgrade Procedure

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To upgrade Hugo:

1. Logon to the system with root privileges
2. Download the most recent Hugo installable (RPM) file.
3. Open a terminal in the directory where the RPM is located.
4. Use the rpm command to upgrade Hugo, e.g.,

```
sudo rpm -Uvh <Hugo DEB file name>
```

## Uninstall Procedure

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To uninstall Hugo:

1. Logon to the system with root privileges.
2. Open a terminal window or console.
3. Run:

```
sudo rpm -e hugo-*
```

## Linux DEB Installation

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To install the DEB package(s):

1. Logon to the system with root privileges.
2. Create a temporary installation folder or directory.
3. Download the Hugo installable (DEB) file to the temporary installation folder or directory.
4. Open a terminal window and change directories to the temporary installation folder or directory.
5. Use the dpkg command to install the DEB file, e.g.,

```
sudo dpkg -i <Hugo DEB file name>
```

## Upgrade Procedure

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To upgrade Hugo:

1. Logon to the system with root privileges.
2. Download the most recent Hugo installable (DEB).
3. Open a terminal in the directory where the DEB is located.
4. Use the dpkg command to upgrade Hugo, e.g.,

```
sudo dpkg -i <Hugo DEB file name>
```

## Uninstall Procedure

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To uninstall Hugo:

1. Logon to the system with root privileges.
2. Open a terminal window or console.
3. Run `sudo dpkg -r hugo`

## Windows Installation

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Double click on the installation executable file.

1. Click “Yes” on allow User Control Access if prompted.
2. The Hugo Setup wizard will launch, click “Next”
3. Click on “I agree” to the License Agreement
4. Choose an install location or accept the default path, click “Next”
5. Choose any Start Menu or short cut folder options, click “Install”
6. Click “Finish” when complete

To Launch Hugo – Open a command prompt terminal with administrator privileges (Run as administrator). Change directory to the HUGO/bin install directory specified on step 4 above. Execute Hugo by typing the following command:

```
.\hugo
```

See page 7 for Hugo command line argument help.

## Uninstall Procedure

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To uninstall Hugo:

1. Navigate to the install directory under Program Files
2. Double click on the Uninstall wizard in the Hugo folder
3. Click “Yes” on allow User Control Access if prompted

4. Click “Uninstall” on the Hugo Uninstall wizard

# Command Line Interface

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## Overview

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To use Hugo on any PC or server, you can run it using the standalone Command Line Interface. This section explains the usage and capabilities of the CLI and provides basic and advanced device diagnostic functions.

## Command Execution

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The syntax for command execution is consistent across the various platforms. In this section, the commands are presented in the platform neutral form of **hugo**. The user should have a practical knowledge of navigating the command line interface for the specific system platform.

## Command Syntax

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The commands and options use the same syntax across the platforms. The spaces or delimiters are taken literally, while the brackets are ignored:

```
hugo <command> <flags>
```

## Command Arguments

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The <command> must consist of one command and <flags> may consist of zero or multiple combinations of flags. Flags modify the command behavior and are specific to each command.

Command	a, abort
Description	Show a list of connected devices. Also refreshes device list.
Usage	
abort	{-s <serial number>   -m <model string>   -g <device path>   -a}[--no-apti] [--no-spti] [--no-sg] [--no-ad] [--no-mr] [--no-serial] [-h]
REQUIRED	
	-s, --serial <serial number > Abort drive self test on a device specified by serial number.
–OR–	
	-m, --model <model number > Abort drive self test on device(s) specified by model number.
–OR–	
	-g, --target <device path > Operate on targets with device handles specified by this option.



Command	a, abort
–OR–	
	-a, --all Abort drive self test on all devices.
<b>NOT REQUIRED</b>	
	--no-apti Do not use the APTI driver (Windows Only) (command line only)
	--no-spti Do not use the SPTI driver (Windows Only) (command line only)
	--no-sg Do not use the SG driver. (Linux Only) (command line only)
	--no-ad Do not use the AD driver. (command line only)
	--no-mr Do not use the MR driver. (command line only)
	--no-serial Do not use the Serial driver. (command line only)
	-h, --help Displays usage information and exits.

Command	do-not-operate
<b>Description</b>	Manage a list of devices that hugo will not run on
<b>Usage</b>	
do-not-operate	{-d   -s <serial number>   -c} [-h]
<b>REQUIRED</b>	
	-d, --display Print a list of all devices from Do Not Operate list.
–OR–	
	-s, --serial <serial number > Add this device to the Do Not Operate list.
–OR–	
	-c, --clear <model number > Clear all devices from Do Not Operate list.
<b>NOT REQUIRED</b>	
	-h, --help Displays usage information and exits.

Command	e, erase
<b>Description</b>	Erase all or part of the device
<b>Usage</b>	
erase	{-t   -f} {-s <serial number>   -m <model number>   -g <device path>}[--force] [--no-apti] [--no-spti] [--no-sg] [--no-ad] [--no-mr][--no-serial] [-h]
<b>REQUIRED</b>	
	-t, --table Erase the device partition table

<b>Command</b>	<b>e, erase</b>
–OR–	
	-f, --full Pack write 0's to the device in its entirety. If the command fails a manual restart of the command will be required.
–AND–	
	-s, --serial <serial number > Abort drive self test on a device specified by serial number.
–OR–	
	-m, --model <model number > Abort drive self test on device(s) specified by model number.
–OR–	
	-g, --target <device path > Operate on targets with device handles specified by this option.
<b>NOT REQUIRED</b>	
	--force Don't prompt the user before erasing the device(s). <b>WARNING: THIS MAY ERASE YOUR BOOT DRIVE</b>
	--no-apti Do not use the APTI driver (Windows Only) (command line only)
	--no-spti Do not use the SPTI driver (Windows Only) (command line only)
	--no-sg Do not use the SG driver. (Linux Only) (command line only)
	--no-ad Do not use the AD driver. (command line only)
	--no-mr Do not use the MR driver. (command line only)
	--no-serial Do not use the Serial driver. (command line only)
	-h, --help Displays usage information and exits.

<b>Command</b>	<b>eula</b>
<b>Description</b>	Show the End User License Agreement
<b>Usage</b>	eula

<b>Command</b>	<b>f, format</b>
<b>Description</b>	Format a specific device
<b>Usage</b>	
format	{-s <serial number>   -m <model number>   -g <device path>} [--danger-zone] [--simple-progress] [--hide-progress] [-p <protection type>] [--fastformat] [--media-compatibility-check] [--merge] [-n <number of blocks>] [-b <block size>] [--no-apti] [--no-spti] [--no-sg] [--no-ad] [--no-mr] [--no-serial] [-h]
<b>REQUIRED</b>	

Command	f, format
	-s, --serial <serial number > Abort drive self test on a device specified by serial number.
–OR–	
	-m, --model <model number > Abort drive self test on device(s) specified by model number.
–OR–	
	-g, --target <device path > Operate on targets with device handles specified by this option.
<b>NOT REQUIRED</b>	
	--danger-zone Tells Hugo that the user knows they are going to destroy your data with this command and will not prompt the user.
	--simple-progress Prevent the display of the progress bar screen, useful when running commands from a script. (Same as hide-progress flag)
	--hide-progress Prevent the display of the progress bar screen, useful when running commands from a script.
	-p <protection type>, --protection <protection type> Specify a type of Protection Information (0,1,2,3).
	--fastformat Set Fast Format.
	-c, --media-compatibility-check Set media compatibility check flag
	--merge Merge G-List and P-List.
	-n <number of blocks>, --numblocks <number of blocks> Specify number of blocks to format. Default: current size. Specifying 'max' will format to maximum number of blocks supported by the device.
	-b <block size>, --blocksize <block size> Format the device to a specified block size (512, 4096). Additional special case sizes for SAS drives only include: 520, 528, 4112, 4160, and 4224. Special cases may not be supported by your specific firmware
	--no-apti Do not use the APTI driver (Windows Only) (command line only)
	--no-spti Do not use the SPTI driver (Windows Only) (command line only)
	--no-sg Do not use the SG driver. (Linux Only) (command line only)
	--no-ad Do not use the AD driver. (command line only)
	--no-mr Do not use the MR driver. (command line only)
	--no-serial Do not use the Serial driver. (command line only)
	-h, --help Displays usage information and exits.

<b>Command</b>	<b>h, help</b>
<b>Description</b>	Show the help output
<b>Usage</b>	Help

<b>Command</b>	<b>l, logdump</b>
<b>Description</b>	Dump logs from specified devices
<b>Usage</b>	logdump {-s <serial number>   -m <model number>   -a   -g <device path>} [-p <output file path>] [--threadPoolSize] [--inc-max][--inc-update] [--inc-start] [--archive] [--all-modes][--partial-context] [--fly-height] [--p-list] [--ati] [--south-dump][--short] [--no-apti] [--no-spti] [--no-sg] [--no-ad] [--no-mr][--no-serial] [-h]
<b>REQUIRED</b>	
	-s <serial number>, --serial <serial number>(accepted multiple times) Dump logs of a single device specified by serial number.
–OR–	
	-m <model number>, --model <model number> Dump logs from all HGST devices of specified model.
–OR–	
	-a, --all Dump logs from all devices.
–OR–	
	-g, --target Filter out devices target(s) NOT specified by this option. Adding device handles via this option will prevent other drives from being shown. For an example in Linux, “hugo s --target /dev/sg6 --target/dev/sg7” would only show up to two drives which matched those devices. Device handles can be acquired by running a standard show with the --device option and then using the first value given in the “Device handles” list for a drive. This option is not available in the interactive mode.
	-p <output file path>, --path <output file path> Logfile output path
<b>NOT REQUIRED</b>	
	--threadPoolSize <num threads> Set the thread pool size for logdump.
	--inc-max Collects incremental log with maximum log entries (specified in mode page 0x1C, sub-page 0xE5).
	--inc-update Collects incremental update log.
	--inc-start Collects incremental starting log.
	--archive Legacy Logs Only. Collects all legacy logs and puts them in an archive.

Command	I, logdump
	--all-modes Collects all available logs
	--partial-context Collects device partial context data
	--fly-height Collects device Fly-height data
	--p-list Collects device P-List data
	--ati Collects device Adjacent Track Interference (ATI) data
	--south-dump Collects debug information for SSDs only
	--short A small log for data-collection purposes
	--no-apti Do not use the APTI driver (Windows Only) (command line only)
	--no-spti Do not use the SPTI driver (Windows Only) (command line only)
	--no-sg Do not use the SG driver. (Linux Only) (command line only)
	--no-ad Do not use the AD driver. (command line only)
	--no-mr Do not use the MR driver. (command line only)
	--no-serial Do not use the Serial driver. (command line only)
	-h, --help Displays usage information and exits.

Command	n,namespace
<b>Description</b>	Allows the user to perform namespace operations (list,create, delete, etc) on NVMe devices
<b>Usage</b>	
namespace	{-s <serial number>   -m <model number>   -a} {-l -d -r -c --attach --detach -f} [--metadata <0 or 8>][--dif <0, 1, 2, or 3>] [--protection <1 or 8>] [--sector <512, 520, 528, 4096, 4160, or 4224>][--size <gigabytes>] [-i <id number>] [--no-apti] [--no-spti][--no-ad] [--no-mr] [--no-serial] [-h]
<b>REQUIRED:</b>	
	-s <serial number>, --serial <serial number> (accepted multiple times) Operate on a single device specified by serial number.
<b>–OR–</b>	
	-m <model number>, --model <model number> Operate on all HGST devices of specified model.

Command	n,namespace
--OR--	
	-a, --all Operate on all devices.
<b>SubCommands</b>	
	-l, --list List drive namespaces.
--OR--	
	-d, --delete Delete a namespace.
--OR--	
	-r, --resize Resize a namespace.
--OR--	
	-c, --create Create a new namespace.
--OR--	
	--attach Attach the given namespace id.
--OR--	
	--detach Detach the given namespace id.
--OR--	
	-f, --format Format a namespace.
<b>NOT REQUIRED</b>	
	--metadata <0 or 8> Specify the metadata size for a format.
	--dif <0, 1, 2, or 3> Specify the diff level for format.
	--protection <1 or 8> Specify the protection interval for format.
	--sector <512, 520, 528, 4096,4160, or 4224> Specify the sector size for format.
	--size <gigabytes> Specify the target size for create and resize options.
	-i <id number>, --id <id number> Namespace id required for all namespaces function except list and create.
	--no-apti Do not use the APTI driver (Windows Only) (command line only)
	--no-spti Do not use the SPTI driver (Windows Only) (command line only)
	--no-sg Do not use the SG driver. (Linux Only) (command line only)

Command	n,namespace
	--no-ad Do not use the AD driver. (command line only)
	--no-mr Do not use the MR driver. (command line only)
	--no-serial Do not use the Serial driver. (command line only)
	-h, --help Displays usage information and exits.

Command	powerstate
<b>Description</b>	Lists the power state of NVMe devices
<b>Usage</b>	
powerstate	{-s <serial number>   -m <model number>   -a} [--no-apti][--no-spti][--no-ad] [--no-mr] [--no-serial] [-h]
<b>REQUIRED:</b>	
	-s <serial number>, --serial <serial number> (accepted multiple times) Operate on a single device specified by serial number.
–OR–	
	-m <model number> ,--model <model number> Operate on all HGST devices of specified model.
–OR–	
	-a, --all Operate on all devices.
<b>NOT REQUIRED</b>	
	--no-apti Do not use the APTI driver (Windows Only) (command line only)
	--no-spti Do not use the SPTI driver (Windows Only) (command line only)
	--no-sg Do not use the SG driver. (Linux Only) (command line only)
	--no-ad Do not use the AD driver. (command line only)
	--no-mr Do not use the MR driver. (command line only)
	--no-serial Do not use the Serial driver. (command line only)
	-h, --help Displays usage information and exits.

Command	psid
<b>Description</b>	Send a PSID string to a device
<b>Usage</b>	
psid	{-s <serial number>   -m <model number>   -a} [--no-apti][--no-spti][--no-ad] [--no-mr] [--no-serial] [-h]
<b>REQUIRED:</b>	

Command	psid
	-s <serial number>, --serial <serial number> Operate on a single device specified by serial number.
<b>NOT REQUIRED</b>	
	--skip-status Pass the PSID regardless of the stat of the device
	--no-apti Do not use the APTI driver (Windows Only) (command line only)
	--no-spti Do not use the SPTI driver (Windows Only) (command line only)
	--no-sg Do not use the SG driver. (Linux Only) (command line only)
	--no-ad Do not use the AD driver. (command line only)
	--no-mr Do not use the MR driver. (command line only)
	--no-serial Do not use the Serial driver. (command line only)
	-h, --help Displays usage information and exits.

Command	q, quit, exit
<b>Description</b>	Exit the Command Line Interface
<b>Usage</b>	quit

Command	sanitize
<b>Description</b>	Sanitize a device
<b>Usage</b>	
sanitize	{-c   -o <overwrite count>   -b   --show-sanitize-support   --show-progress} {-s <serial number>   -m <model number>   -g <device path>} [-a] [--danger-zone] [--simple-progress] [--hide-progress] [--no-apti] [--no-spti][--no-ad] [--no-mr] [--no-serial] [-h]
<b>REQUIRED:</b>	
	-c --crypto Perform Sanitize cryptographic erase operation.
–OR–	
	-o <overwrite count>, --overwrite <overwrite count> Perform Sanitize overwrite operation.
–OR–	
	-b, --block Perform Sanitize block erase operation
–OR–	
	--show-sanitize-support Print the sanitize operations(s) supported by the target drive(s)
–OR–	



Command	sanitize
	--show-progress Show the progress of an in-progress sanitize operation if one exists
–AND–	
	-s <serial number>, --serial <serial number> (accepted multiple times) Operate on a single device specified by serial number.
–OR–	
	-m <model number>,--model <model number> Operate on all HGST devices of specified model.
–OR–	
	-g <device path> Operate on targets with device handles specified by this option.
<b>NOT REQUIRED</b>	
	-p <pattern>, --pattern <pattern> Specifies the pattern that will be used for the overwrite sanitize operation. Not valid if --file option is also specified. To specify length of pattern in bytes, use --length option. Valid lengths are 1-4 and default is 4 bytes.
–OR–	
	-f <file name>, --file <file name> Specifies the path to a file containing a binary pattern that will be written to all user data blocks during an overwrite operation. Not valid if --pattern is also specified
	-l <length>, --length <length> Specifies the length of the pattern (1-4) in bytes. This argument is only valid for overwrite sanitize. If not specified, default is 4.
	--invert Flag only valid for overwrite sanitize command. Invert flag indicates that the --pattern option or the value within the filename specified by the --file option should be inverted each time it is written. The --file or --pattern options must also be specified.
	--danger-zone Tells the application that the user knows they are going to destroy their data with this command and will not prompt the user.
	--simple-progress Prevent the display of the progress bar screen, useful when running commands from a script. (Same as hide-progress flag)
	--hide-progress Prevent the display of the progress bar screen, useful when running commands from a script.
	--no-progress Prevent all output of sanitize progress.
	--no-apti Do not use the APTI driver (Windows Only) (command line only)
	--no-spti Do not use the SPTI driver (Windows Only) (command line only)

Command	sanitize
	--no-sg Do not use the SG driver. (Linux Only) (command line only)
	--no-ad Do not use the AD driver. (command line only)
	--no-mr Do not use the MR driver. (command line only)
	--no-serial Do not use the Serial driver. (command line only)
	-h, --help Displays usage information and exits.

Command	show
<b>Description</b>	Show a list of connected devices. Also refreshes device list.
<b>Usage</b>	
show	[--device] [--hgst-firmware] [-l] [-m] [-b] [-w] [-g <device path>] [--no-apti] [--no-spti][--no-ad] [--no-mr] [--no-serial] [-h]
<b>NOT REQUIRED</b>	
	--device Show the drive device paths if available.
	--customer-id Show the customer ID and hgst internal firmware.
	--hgst-firmware how the hgst internal firmware. (Deprecated)
	-l, --locked Show reason devices are locked.
	-b, --block-size Show the block size of each device.
	-g, --target Filter out devices target(s) NOT specified by this option. Adding device handles via this option will prevent other drives from being shown. For an example in Linux, "hugo s --target /dev/sg6 --target /dev/sg7" would only show up to two drives which matched those devices. Device handles can be acquired by running a standard show with the --device option and then using the first value given in the "Device handles" list for a drive. This option is not available in the interactive mode.
	--no-apti Do not use the APTI driver (Windows Only) (command line only)
	--no-spti Do not use the SPTI driver (Windows Only) (command line only)
	--no-sg Do not use the SG driver. (Linux Only) (command line only)
	--no-ad Do not use the AD driver. (command line only)
	--no-mr Do not use the MR driver. (command line only)
	--no-serial Do not use the Serial driver. (command line only)

<b>Command</b>	<b>show</b>
	-h, --help Displays usage information and exits.

<b>Command</b>	<b>test</b>
<b>Description</b>	Run a drive self test
<b>Usage</b>	
t, test	{-q   -l   --status} {-s <serial number>   -m <model number>   -g <device path>   -a} [-f] [--noprompt] [--no-apti] [--no-spti] [--no-sg] [--no-ad] [--no-mr] [--no-serial] [-h]
<b>REQUIRED</b>	
	-q, --quick Run a short drive self test.
–OR–	
	-l, --long Run a long drive self test.
–OR–	
	--status Check self test results.
–AND–	
	-s, --serial <serial number > Run drive self test on a device specified by serial number.
–OR–	
	-m, --model <model number > Run drive self test on all devices of a specified model.
–OR–	
	-g, --target <device path > Operate on targets with device handles specified by this option.
–OR–	
	-a, --all Run drive self test on all devices.
<b>NOT REQUIRED</b>	
	-f, --foreground Runs self test in the foreground and shows real time status
	--no-apti Do not use the APTI driver (Windows Only) (command line only)
	--no-spti Do not use the SPTI driver (Windows Only) (command line only)
	--no-sg Do not use the SG driver. (Linux Only) (command line only)
	--no-ad Do not use the AD driver. (command line only)
	--no-mr Do not use the MR driver. (command line only)
	--no-serial Do not use the Serial driver. (command line only)

<b>Command</b>	<b>test</b>
	-h, --help Displays usage information and exits.

<b>Command</b>	<b>Unmap</b>
<b>Description</b>	Unmap all LBAs
<b>Usage</b>	
unmap	{-m <model number> -s <serial number>} [--no-sg] [--no-ad][--no-mr] [--no-serial] [--danger-zone] [-h]
<b>REQUIRED</b>	
	-s, --serial <serial number > unmap all LBAs from all devices of specified serial number
	-m, --model <model number > unmap all LBAs from all devices of specified model number
<b>NOT REQUIRED</b>	
	--danger-zone Flag tells the application that you know you are going to destroy your data with this command and will not prompt the user.
	--no-apti Do not use the APTI driver (Windows Only) (command line only)
	--no-spti Do not use the SPTI driver (Windows Only) (command line only)
	--no-sg Do not use the SG driver. (Linux Only) (command line only)
	--no-ad Do not use the AD driver. (command line only)
	--no-mr Do not use the MR driver. (command line only)
	--no-serial Do not use the Serial driver. (command line only)
	-h, --help Displays usage information and exits.

<b>Command</b>	<b>update</b>
<b>Description</b>	Update a device's firmware
<b>Usage</b>	
u, update	{-s <serial number>   -m <model number>   -g <device path>}[--no-apti] [--no-spti] [--no-sg] [--no-ad] [--no-mr] [--no-serial][--a] [-d] [--skip-status] [--slot <nvme firmware slot number>][--rescanControl <seconds>] [-f <firmware file path>] [-h]
<b>REQUIRED</b>	
	-s, --serial <serial number > Update device specified by serial number.
–OR–	
	-m, --model <model number > Update device specified by model number.

<b>Command</b>	<b>update</b>
–OR–	
	-g, --target <device path > Operate on targets with device handles specified by this option.
<b>NOT REQUIRED</b>	
	-a, --activate Activate a deferred firmware.
	-d, --defer Perform a deferred update.
	--show-slots Lists the NVME slots and firmware (if present).
	--slot <nvme firmware slot number> Target an NVME slot number. Required for NVME targets.
	--rescanControl <seconds> Set the delay in seconds between firmware update and the drive Re-scan. Zero is no delay and negative numbers skip the re-scan.
	-f, --firmware <firmware file path> Firmware file name.
	--no-apti Do not use the APTI driver (Windows Only) (command line only)
	--no-spti Do not use the SPTI driver (Windows Only) (command line only)
	--no-sg Do not use the SG driver. (Linux Only) (command line only)
	--no-ad Do not use the AD driver. (command line only)
	--no-mr Do not use the MR driver. (command line only)
	--no-serial Do not use the Serial driver. (command line only)
	-h, --help Displays usage information and exits.

<b>Command</b>	<b>v, version</b>
<b>Description</b>	Show the version information for hugo
<b>Usage</b>	version